



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Preliminary	Specification
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() Final Specification

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BUYER	Tatung	
MODEL	-	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC171W03
MODEL	C4

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with
your signature and co	omments.

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Ver. 0.0 Oct. 11, 2004 1 / 28





Product Specification

CONTENTS

Number	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	6
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	8
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	12
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	13
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERENCE	14
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	15
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	17
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	21
6	RELIABILITY	24
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	25
7-1	SAFETY	25
7-2	EMC	25
8	PACKING	26
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	26
8-2	PACKING FORM	26
9	PRECAUTIONS	27
9-1	MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS	27
9-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	27
9-3	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL	28
9-4	PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE	28
9-5	STORAGE	28
9-6	HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM	28

Ver. 0.0 Oct. 11, 2004 2 / 28





LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Oct. 11, 2004	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
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LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

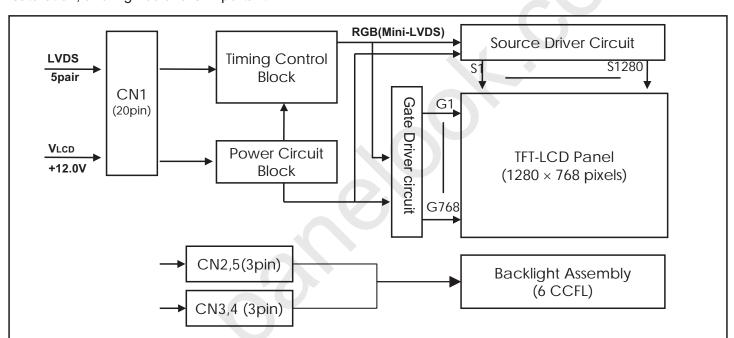
Product Specification

1. General Description

LC171W03 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 17.1 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, a palette of more than 16,7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8 bit LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.



General Features

General i eatures	
Active Screen Size	17.1 inches(434.38mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	400.0(H) x 258.0(V) x 22.0(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.291mm x 0.291mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bits, 16,7M colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m² (Center 1 point (Typ.))
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing Angle Free [R/L 176(Typ.), U/D 176(Typ.)]
Power Consumption	Total 31.45 Watt(Typ.), (3.25 <u>Watt@VLCD</u> , 28.2 Watt@450cd/[LAMP=7mA])
Weight	2,500 g (Typ.) , 2,650 g (Max)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) & Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

4 / 28 Ver. 0.0 Oct. 11, 2004



Product Specification

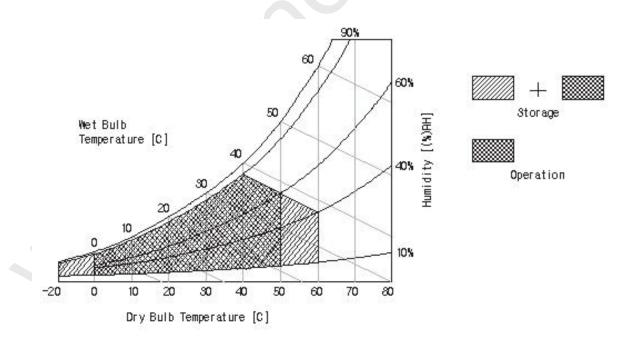
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Valu	ıes	Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C		
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	°C	Note 4	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	Note 1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH		

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C Max, and no condensation of water.







Product Specification

3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL /Backlight, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCDs.

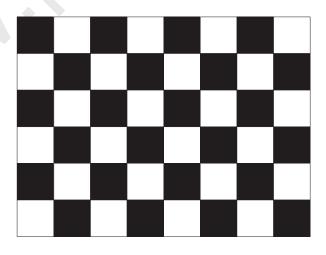
Table 2-1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
raiametei	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	140162
MODULE :	-				_	_
Power Supply Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	Vdc	
Dower Supply Input Current	li op	-	270	310	mA	1
Power Supply Input Current	ILCD	-	340	440	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	3.25	4.25	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3.0	А	3

Note:

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).

White: 255Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)





Product Specification

Table 2-2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
l alc	raiailletei		Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
LAMP :							
Operating Voltage	•	VBL	660(7.5mA)	670(7mA)	770(3mA)	V_{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current	Operating Current		3.0	7.0	7.5	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting Voltage		Vs					1, 3
	at 25 °C				1,030	V_{RMS}	
	at 0 °C				1,340	V_{RMS}	
Operating Frequ	Operating Frequency		45	60	80	kHz	4
Discharge Stabilization Time		Ts			3	Min	1, 5
Power Consumption		PBL		28.20	31.10	Watt	6
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	1, 7

Note: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD–Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
 If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 1. Specified values are for a single lamp.
- 2. Operating voltage is measured at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 3. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. (Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp starting voltage.)
 - Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 4. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 5. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current. $(P_{BL} = V_{BL} \times I_{BL} \times N_{Lamp})$
- 7. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.

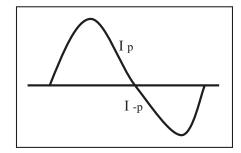




Product Specification

- 8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.

 Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



- * Asymmetry rate:

 | I p I -p | / I_{rms} x 100%

 * Distortion rate

 I p (or I -p) / I_{rms}
- 9. The inverter which is combined with this LCM, is highly recommended to connect coupling(ballast) condenser at the high voltage output side. When you use the inverter which has not coupling(ballast) condenser, it may cause abnormal lamp lighting because of biased mercury as time goes.
- 10.In case of edgy type back light with over 4 parallel lamps, input current and voltage wave form should be synchronized





Product Specification

3-2. Interface Connections

-LCD Connector(CN1): GT123-20P-H16 (Manufactured by LG) or Equivalent -Mating Connector: DF14-20S-1.25C (Manufactured by Hirose) or Equivalent

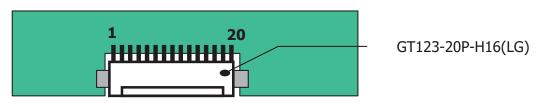
Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Output Pin # (LVDS Tx)
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V		
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V		
3	GND	Power Ground.		
4	GND	Power Ground		
5	RXIN0-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	Negative	PIN#48
6	RXIN0+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	Positive	PIN#47
7	GND	Ground		
8	RXIN1-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	Negative	PIN#46
9	RXIN1+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	Positive	PIN#45
10	GND	Ground		
11	RXIN2-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	Negative	PIN#42
12	RXIN2+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	Positive	PIN#41
13	GND	Ground		
14	RXCLK IN-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	Negative	PIN#40
15	RXCLK IN+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	Positive	PIN#39
16	GND	Ground		
17	RXIN3-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	Negative	PIN#38
18	RXIN3+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	Positive	PIN#37
19	Mode	Interlace image sticking option	+3.3V / GND	
20	GND	Ground		Note 1

Note:

- 1. 20th Pin should be ground.
- 2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
- 3. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 4. Input Level of LVDS signal is based on the IEA 664 Standard.

Rear view of LCM



Ver. 0.0 Oct. 11, 2004 9 / 28





Product Specification

Table 4. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS Transmitter (DS90C385 or Compatible)

Pin#	Pin Name Symbol		Description	Output		
51	TxIN0	Red0 [LSB]	Red Pixel Data			
52	TxIN1	Red1	Red Pixel Data			
54	TxIN2	Red2	Red Pixel Data	Rx0- Rx0+		
55	TxIN3	Red3	Red Pixel Data			
56	TxIN4	Red4	Red Pixel Data			
2	TxIN5	Red7 [MSB]	Red Pixel Data	Rx3- Rx3+		
3	TxIN6	Red5	Red Pixel Data	Rx0-		
4	TxIN7	Green0 [LSB]	Green Pixel Data	Rx0+		
6	TxIN8	Green1	Green Pixel Data	Rx1-		
7	TxIN9	Green2	Green Pixel Data	Rx1+		
8	TxIN10	Green6	Green Pixel Data	Rx3-		
10	TxIN11	Green7 [MSB]	Green Pixel Data	Rx3+		
11	TxIN12	Green3	Green Pixel Data			
12	TxIN13	Green4	Green Pixel Data	Rx1-		
14	14 TxIN14 Green5		Green Pixel Data	Rx1+		
15	TxIN15	Blue0 [LSB]				
16	TxIN16	Blue6	Blue Pixel Data	Rx3-		
18	TxIN17	Blue7 [MSB]	Blue Pixel Data	Rx3+		
19	TxIN18	Blue1	Blue Pixel Data	Rx1- Rx1+		
20	TxIN19	Blue2	Blue Pixel Data			
22	TxIN20	Blue3	Blue Pixel Data	Rx2-		
23	TxIN21	Blue4	Blue Pixel Data	Rx2+		
24	TxIN22	Blue5	Blue Pixel Data			
25	TxIN23	RES		Rx3- Rx3+		
27	TxIN24	Hsync	No connection, If unnecessary			
28	TxIN25	Vsync	No connection, If unnecessary	Rx2- Rx2+		
30	TxIN26	EN	Data Enable	KXZ+		
50	TxIN27	Red6	Red Pixel Data	Rx3- Rx3+		

Notes: 1. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions.

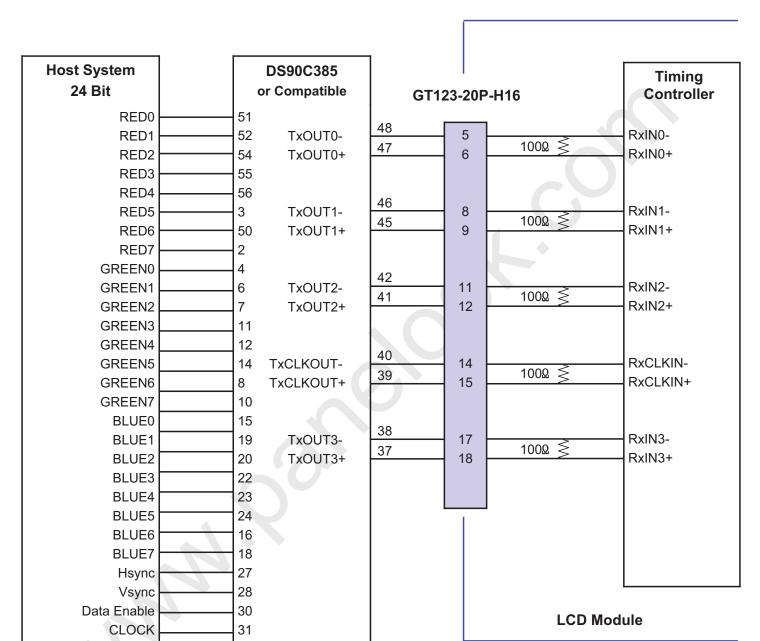
2. 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.





Product Specification

Table 5. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (DS90C385 or Compatible)



- Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 Ohm $[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
 - 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
 - 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.





LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

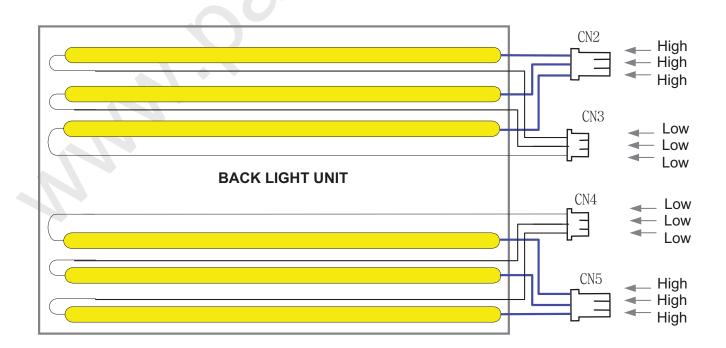
Table 6. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2,CN3,CN4,CN5)

The backlight interface connector is a model PHR-3(CN3/CN4) and BHR-03VS-1(CN2/CN5) manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number are S 3B-PH-KL (3pin), SM03(4.0)B-BHS-1-TB (3pin) or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

No	Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
	1	H1	Power supply for lamp 1(High voltage side) —White	1
CN2	2	H2	Power supply for lamp 2 (High voltage side) –Sky Blue	1
	CN3 2 L2 3 L3	Power supply for lamp 3 (High voltage side) -Gray	1	
	1	L1	Power supply for lamp 1 (Low voltage side) -White	2
CN3	2	L2	Power supply for lamp 2 (Low voltage side) -Blue	2
	3	L3	Power supply for lamp 3 (Low voltage side) -Black	2
	1	L4	Power supply for lamp 4 (Low voltage side) -White	2
CN4	2	L5	Power supply for lamp 5 (Low voltage side) -Blue	2
	3	L6	Power supply for lamp 6 (Low voltage side) -Black	2
	1	H4	Power supply for lamp 4 (High voltage side) -White	1
CN5	2	H5	Power supply for lamp 5 (High voltage side) –Sky Blue	1
	3	H6	Power supply for lamp 6 (High voltage side) -Gray	1

Notes:

- The high voltage power terminal is colored white, sky blue, gray.
 - 2. The low voltage pin color is white, dark blue, black.







Product Specification

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 7. Timing Table

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
DCLK	Period	tCLK	12.20	14.65	18.52	ns		
	Frequency		54.00	68.25	82.00	MHz		
Hsync	Period	tHP	1328	1440	1800	tCLK		
	Width		16	32	-	tCLK		
Vsync	Period	tVP	790	790	1100	tHP	Note 1)	
	Frequency	fV	47	60	63	Hz	PAL : 47~53Hz NTSC : 57~63H	
	Width		7	7	-	tHP		
DE (Data	Horizontal Valid	tHV	1280	1280	1280			
Enable)	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	16	80	-	tCLK		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	48	-	ICLK		
	Horizontal Blank	(-)	48	160	-			
	Vertical Valid	tVV	768	768	768			
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	13	13	-	tHP		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	2	2	-	וחר		
	Vertical Blank	-	22	22	-			

Note: Hsync Period and Hsync Width should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate the LCD, Hsync, Vsync and DE(Data Enable) signals should be used.

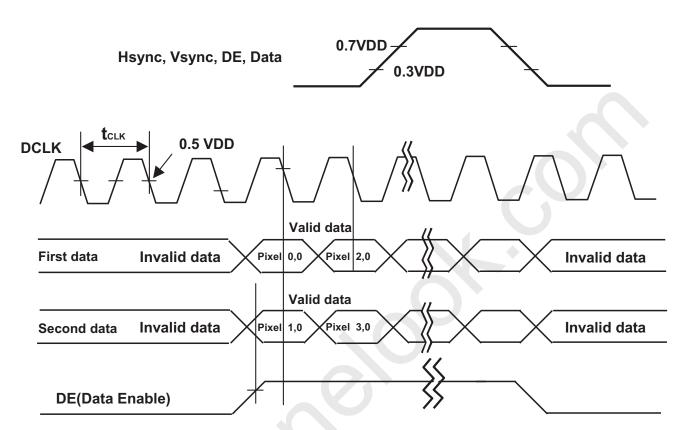
- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.
- 2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
- 3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of character number(8).

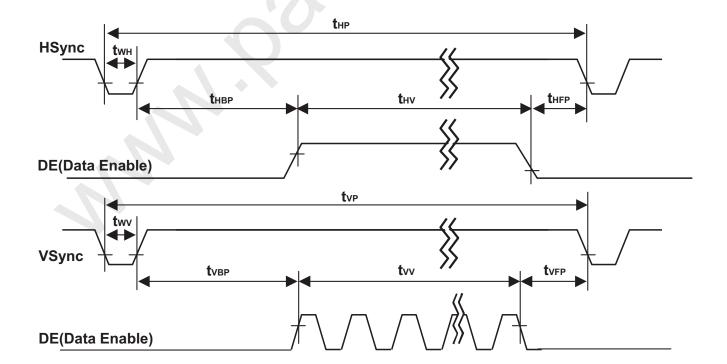




Product Specification

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms









Product Specification

3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												Inpu	ıt Co	olor	Data	а									
	Color				RE	ΕD							GRE	EEN	I						BL	UE			
		MS								MS							_	MS						L:	SB
	-	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0		0			0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	0				0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	.1 		. 1 		0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	.1	.1	.1		1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	.1	.1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED		ļ			.				• • •			• • • •		 					•••			 			• • • •
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN			····	• • • •		 			• • •					 					• • • •			 			
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	 1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	 1	1	1	 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	 0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	 0		0		 0	0	0	0		0	0	 0	1
BLUE	(00.)				•••	 						•••		 								 			
	BLUE (254)	0						 O		0	0	0	 0		 O		 O	l 1	1	1	: 1	 1			
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0		 0		 0		 0	0	0	 0				 0	l 1	1	ٰ . 1	 1	 1			
l	DLUL (200)	Ľ	J	J	J	J	U	J	U	ľ	J	J	J	0	U	U	U	Ι'	1	'	'	'	'	'	'

Note: Users should be input true 8 Bit data streams via LVDS transmitter.





Product Specification

3-6. Power Sequence

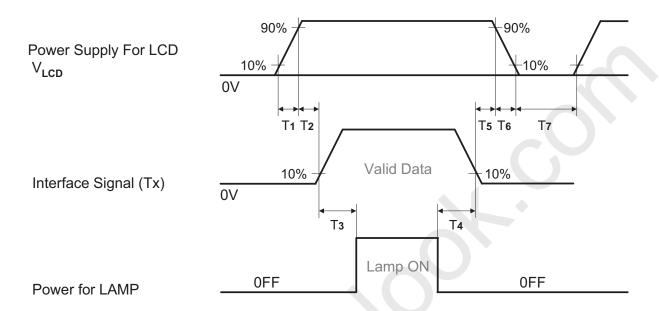


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Doromotor		Units		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.5	-	50	ms
Т3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
Т6	-	-	100	ms
T7	1	-	-	S

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.





LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30Min in a dark environment at 25±2°C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

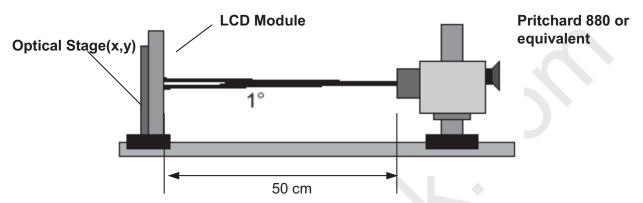


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

-12 0\/ fy-60HzDclk-68 25MHz Inj-7mA

			Ta= 25	±2°C, V _{LCD} =	:12.0V, f∨=60I	HzDclk=68.25M	1Hz, IBL=7m
Parame	tor	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Parame	ter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast	Contrast Ratio		420	600	-		1
Surface Lumina	ance, white	L _{WH}	360	450	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance \	/ariation	δ _{WHITE} 5P			1.3		3
Doonones Time	Rise Time	Tr _R	-	12		ms	4
Response Time	Decay Time	Tr _D	-	13		ms	4
	DED	Rx		0.633			
	RED	Ry	1	0.341]		
	ODEEN	Gx		0.280			
Color Coordinates	GREEN	Gy	Тур	0.603	Тур		
[CIE1931]	DILLE	Bx	-0.03	0.145	+0.03		
	BLUE	Ву	1	0.069			
	\\/\ \\\\	Wx	1	0.289			
	WHITE	Wy	1	0.303			
Viewing Angle	(CR>10)						
x axi	s, right(φ=0°)	θr	85	88		degree	5
x axis	, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	85	88			
y axi	s, up (φ=90°)	θu	85	88			
y axis,	down (φ=270°)	θd	85	88			
Gray So	ale			-			6

17 / 28 Ver. 0.0 Oct. 11, 2004





Product Specification

Note:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

 $\label{eq:Contrast Ratio} \textbf{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}} \\ \textbf{It is measured at center 1-point.}$

- 2. Surface Luminance(L_{WH}) is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation of surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, L_{\text{on3}}, L_{\text{on4}}, L_{\text{on5}}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, L_{\text{on3}}, L_{\text{on4}}, L_{\text{on5}})$$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- Gray scale specificationGamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.17
L15	0.30
L31	1.02
L47	2.59
L63	5.18
L79	8.51
L95	12.6
L111	17.2
L127	21.9
L143	28.2
L159	35.5
L175	43.6
L191	52.2
L207	63.4
L223	75.1
L239	87.5
L255	100.00



LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

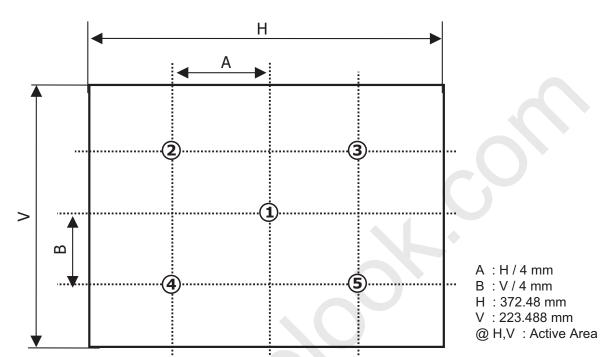


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

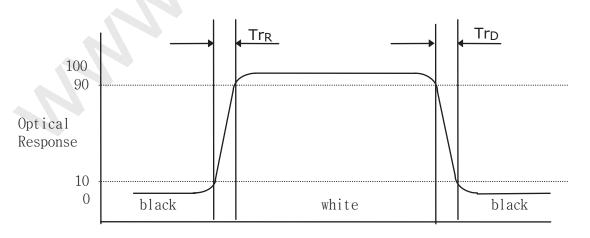


FIG. 3 Response Time





LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

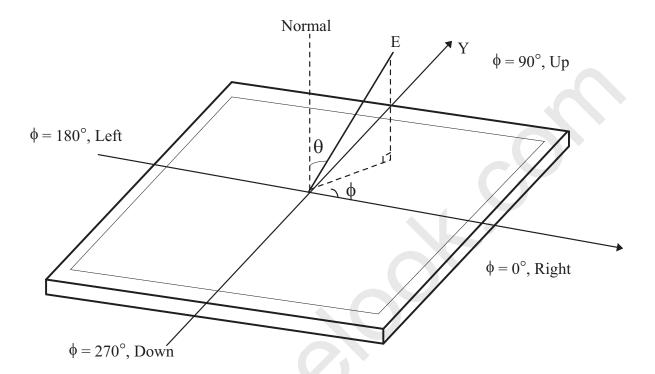


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle







LC171W03 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Horizontal	400.0 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	258.0 mm			
	Depth	22.0 mm			
Donal Associ	Horizontal	376.6 mm			
Bezel Area	Vertical	227.6 mm			
A stive Discolor Area	Horizontal	372.48 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	223.488 mm			
Weight	2500g (Typ.), 2650g(Max)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarize	er			

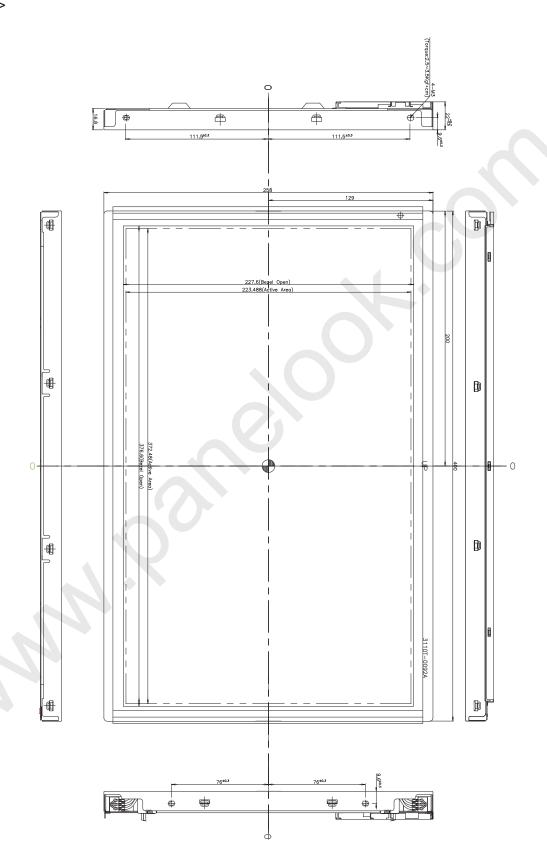
Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.





Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

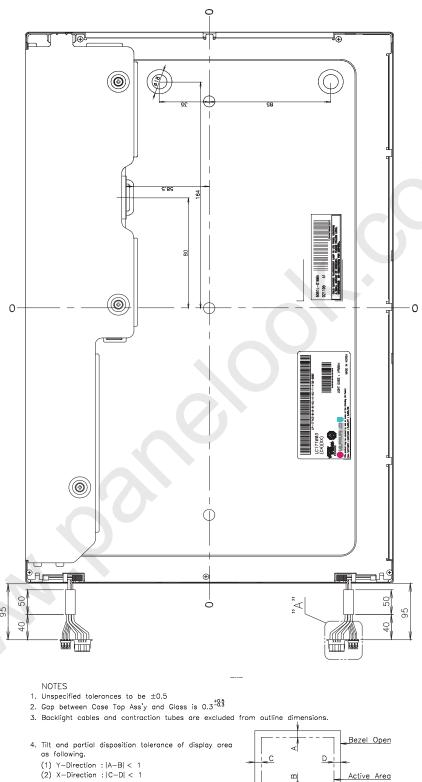


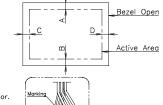




Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>





- 5. Lamp(CCFL) lot No. is marked at backlight connector.
- 6. Do not wind conductive tape around the backlight wires.





Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 20 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)





Product Specification

7. International standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.
 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition
 IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition
 European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
 EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)





Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I J K

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

D:YEAR E:MONTH

F : PANEL CODE G : FACTORY CODE H : ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. Year

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. Panel Code

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	Н

4. Factory Code

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing		
Mark	K	С		

5. Serial No

Serial No.	1 ~ 99,999	100,000 ~			
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999			

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 5 pcs

b) Box Size : $490mm \times 277mm \times 322mm$





Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.





Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.